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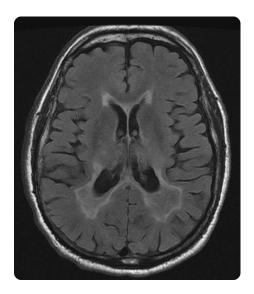
Teaching Video Neuro*Images*: P/Q-type voltage-gated calcium channel—associated paraneoplastic elliptical nystagmus

Eva A. Mistry, MBBS Andrew G. Lee, MD Eugene C. Lai, MD, PhD

Figure

Extensive T2 fluid-attenuated inversion recovery signal changes in the periventricular area, splenium, and genu of corpus callosum are nonenhancing

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A 71-year-old chronic smoker had an 11-month history of monocular followed by binocular elliptical nystagmus and oscillopsia (video at Neurology.org). MRI brain showed extensive periventricular T2 signal changes (figure) and CSF showed elevated protein to 102 mg/dL. CSF and serum paraneoplastic panel revealed elevated serum titers of anti-P/Q-type voltagegated calcium channel (VGCC) and anti-neuronal-type voltage-gated potassium channel antibodies. An underlying malignancy was not found after an extensive investigation. The patient was treated with carbamazepine for symptomatic control, followed by highdose IV methylprednisolone, resulting in moderate improvement. Anti-VGCC antibodies have been implicated in paraneoplastic nystagmus and small cell lung cancer is the most common associated malignancy.1,2

AUTHOR CONTRIBUTIONS

E.A. Mistry authored the manuscript and participated in patient care and diagnosis. Dr. Lai critically reviewed the manuscript and participated in patient care and diagnosis. Dr. Lee critically reviewed the manuscript and participated in patient care and diagnosis.

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DISCLOSURE

The authors report no disclosures relevant to the manuscript. Go to Neurology.org for full disclosures.

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Supplemental data at Neurology.org

Download teaching slides: Neurology.org

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Teaching Video Neuro Images: P/Q-type voltage-gated calcium channel—associated paraneoplastic elliptical nystagmus

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