

attention.² Fortunately, these vascular events appear to be a rare adverse effect associated with seizure activity.

© 2013 American Academy of Neurology

1. Child ND, Cascino GD. Carotid dissection following a generalized tonic-clonic seizure. *Neurology* 2013;80:1911.
2. Young CA, Chadwick DW, Humphrey PR. Extracranial vertebral artery dissection following tonic clonic seizure. *J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry* 1991;54:365–366.

CORRECTIONS

Ross syndrome: A lesson from a monozygotic twin pair

In the Clinical/Scientific Note “Ross syndrome: A lesson from a monozygotic twin pair” by M. Nolano et al. (*Neurology*[®] 2013;80:417–418), there is an error in Vincenzo Donadio’s affiliations, which should have read: IRCCS Institute of Neurological Sciences, Bologna, Italy. The authors regret the error.

High pro-BNP levels predict the occurrence of atrial fibrillation after cryptogenic stroke

In the article “High pro-BNP levels predict the occurrence of atrial fibrillation after cryptogenic stroke” by M. Rodríguez-Yáñez et al. (*Neurology*[®] 2013;81:444–447), there is an error on page 445. The confidence interval of the patients who developed atrial fibrillation should read as follows: (1,140 [486–2,118] vs 220 [72–652] pg/mL, $p < 0.0001$). The authors regret the error.

Vitamin B₆-responsive epilepsy due to inherited GPI deficiency

In the Clinical/Scientific Note “Vitamin B₆-responsive epilepsy due to inherited GPI deficiency” by I. Kuki et al. (*Neurology*[®] 2013;81:1467–1469), there is an error in “Results and discussion.” The second mutation in the third sentence should read as follows: c.2497_2498del. The authors regret the error.

Teaching Video NeuroImages: Perioral myoclonia with absences in a 12-year-old boy

In the article “Teaching Video NeuroImages: Perioral myoclonia with absences in a 12-year-old boy” by S. Sharma et al. (*Neurology*[®] 2013;81:e116), there is an error in the main text paragraph. The word “oxcarbamazepine” should have been spelled as follows: oxcarbazepine. The authors regret the error.

Author disclosures are available upon request (journal@neurology.org).

Neurology®

High pro-BNP levels predict the occurrence of atrial fibrillation after cryptogenic stroke

Neurology 2013;81;1803
DOI 10.1212/01.wnl.0000437318.54789.cd

This information is current as of November 11, 2013

Updated Information & Services

including high resolution figures, can be found at:
<http://n.neurology.org/content/81/20/1803.2.full>

Permissions & Licensing

Information about reproducing this article in parts (figures, tables) or in its entirety can be found online at:
http://www.neurology.org/about/about_the_journal#permissions

Reprints

Information about ordering reprints can be found online:
<http://n.neurology.org/subscribers/advertise>

Neurology® is the official journal of the American Academy of Neurology. Published continuously since 1951, it is now a weekly with 48 issues per year. Copyright © 2013 American Academy of Neurology. All rights reserved. Print ISSN: 0028-3878. Online ISSN: 1526-632X.

