



Notable from Our Podcast

The July 17, 2018, featured interview highlighted a longitudinal analysis of impulse control disorders in Parkinson disease. For our What's Trending feature of the week, you will hear an interview on advances in connectomics recorded at the 2018 American Academy of Neurology (AAN) annual meeting in Los Angeles.

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Author Tip

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From the AAN Press Room

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Higher blood pressure may be linked to brain disease, Alzheimer disease

Older people who have higher blood pressure may have more signs of brain disease, specifically brain lesions. Researchers also found a link between higher blood pressure and more markers of Alzheimer disease (tangles in the brain). "Blood pressure changes with aging and disease, so we wanted to see what kind of impact it may have on the brain," said study author Zoe Arvanitakis, MD, MS, of the Rush Alzheimer's Disease Center at Rush University Medical Center in Chicago, and a Fellow of the AAN. "We researched whether blood pressure in later life was associated with signs of brain aging that include plaques and tangles linked to Alzheimer disease, and brain lesions called infarcts, areas of dead tissue caused by a blockage of the blood supply, which can increase with age, often go undetected, and can lead to stroke."

Arvanitakis Z, Capuano AW, Lamar M, et al. Late-life blood pressure association with cerebrovascular and Alzheimer disease pathology. *Neurology* 2018;99:e517–e525. doi.org/10.1212/WNL.0000000000005951



CME

Longitudinal cognitive and biomarker changes in dominantly inherited Alzheimer disease

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Nusinersen in patients older than 7 months with spinal muscular atrophy type 1: A cohort study

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Clinical diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease: Report of the NINCDS-ADRDA Work Group under the auspices of Department of Health and Human Services Task Force on Alzheimer's Disease

G. McKhann, D. Drachman, M. Folstein, et al. 1984;34:939–944. doi.org/10.1212/WNL.34.7.939

Rating neurologic impairment in multiple sclerosis: An expanded disability status scale (EDSS)

J.F. Kurtzke. 1983;33:1444–1452. doi.org/10.1212/WNL.33.11.1444

Parkinsonism: Onset, progression, and mortality

M.M. Hoehn, M.D. Yahr. 1967;17:427–442. doi.org/10.1212/WNL.17.5.427

Neurosurgical horizons in Parkinson's disease

C.G. Goetz, M.R. De Long, R.D. Penn, R.A.E. Bakay. 1993;43:1–7. doi.org/10.1212/WNL.43.1_Part_1.1

Autosomal dominant cerebellar phenotypes: The genotype has settled the issue

R.N. Rosenberg. 1995;45:1–5. doi.org/10.1212/WNL.45.1.1

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Neurology 2018;91;655
DOI 10.1212/WNL.0000000000006295

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