

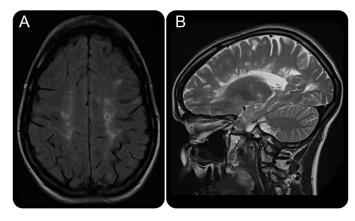
Section Editor John J. Millichap, MD

Teaching Video Neuro *Images*: Primary writing tremor

Lessons from a patient with multiple sclerosis

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Axial fluid-attenuated inversion recovery (A) and sagittal T2 (B) images demonstrate hyperintense lesions in the pericallosal white matter suggestive of demyelination. Further lesions were noted in the left midbrain, right middle cerebellar peduncle, and left cerebellar hemispheres. No postcontrast enhancement was demonstrated (T1 postcontrast not shown).

A 30-year-old woman with recurring optic neuritis presented with tremor affecting her right hand when writing only (video at Neurology.org). An MRI brain (figure) revealed lesions in the left midbrain, right middle cerebellar peduncle, and left cerebellar hemisphere.

Primary writing tremor (PWT) is a task-specific tremor that occurs with writing. There is debate about whether it represents essential tremor, dystonia associated with writer's cramp, or a separate entity.¹

A combination of cerebellar dysfunction and dystonia underlies most multiple sclerosis upper limb tremors.² Similar mechanisms in our patient may contribute to PWT with injury within the cerebello-pallido-thalamo-cortical tract.

AUTHOR CONTRIBUTIONS

Dr. Kelly: acquisition of data, interpretation of data, drafting/revising the manuscript for content. Dr. Kelleher: drafting/revising the manuscript for content. Dr. O'Shea: interpretation of data, revising the manuscript for content. Dr. Sweeney: interpretation of data, drafting/revising the manuscript for content, study supervision.

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DISCLOSURE

The authors report no disclosures relevant to the manuscript. Go to Neurology.org for full disclosures.

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Supplemental data at Neurology.org

Download teaching slides: Neurology.org

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