Fenestration of the internal carotid artery mimicking floating thrombus on CT and MR angiography





CT angiography (A, 1-2) and magnetic resonance angiography (A, 3-4) showed a defect within the left internal carotid artery connecting the internal wall (arrowhead). Three-dimensional rotational angiography with reconstructions (B: digital subtraction angiogram in 1 and volume rendered images in 2 and 3) and derived cross-sections (C: axial views in 1 and coronal view in 2) demonstrated a typical fenestration with a wide separation on the internal side (arrowheads) that became very narrow on the opposite side (dotted arrows).

A 19-year-old woman presented with transient right sensory-motor deficit following headache. Brain MRI was normal but magnetic resonance angiography and CT angiography showed an endoluminal defect within the left internal carotid artery (ICA) that was interpreted as a floating thrombus (figure, A). Threedimensional rotational angiography demonstrated a short ICA fenestration,<sup>1</sup> an incidental finding in an atypical migraine attack (figure, B and C). Fenestration refers to segmental duplication of the lumen into 2 distinct channels. While well-known on anterior communicating or basilar arteries, fenestrations of the supraclinoid ICA are rare and diagnosis can be difficult on cross-sectional images.<sup>2</sup>

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