

The changes they saw with miglustat treatment, which are mirrored by alterations to ocular motor function, are encouraging and suggest that noninvasive techniques such as DTI and measurement of ocular-motor function³ will be useful adjuncts to the monitoring of illness progression and treatment response. With some of our adult patients currently undergoing miglustat treatment and significantly improving over 6 and 12 months' treatment in ocular-motor function (Abel et al., personal communication), we hope to further add to the findings of Scheel et al.

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Disclosure: See original article for full disclosure list.

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1. Walterfang M, Fahey M, Desmond P, et al. White and gray matter alterations in adults with Niemann-Pick disease type C: a cross-sectional study. *Neurology* 2010;75:49–56.
2. Scheel M, Abegg M, Lanyon LJ, Mattman A, Barton JJ. Eye movement and diffusion tensor imaging analysis of treatment effects in a Niemann-Pick type C patient. *Mol Genet Metab* 2010;99:291–295.
3. Abel L, Walterfang M, Fietz M, Bowman E, Velakoulis D. Saccades in adult Niemann-Pick disease type C reflect frontal, brainstem and biochemical deficits. *Neurology* 2009;72:1083–1086.

CORRECTION

Correction to “Voluntary retraction of: Dominant-negative effects of a novel mutation in the filamin myopathy”

In “Voluntary retraction of: Dominant-negative effects of a novel mutation in the filamin myopathy” (*Neurology*[®] 2010;75:2138), there is an erroneous cross-reference to an editorial that is not related to this retraction. The second sentence should read as follows: “The basis for the retraction is discussed in Correspondence (*Neurology*[®] 2010;75:2137–2138), which outlines in more detail the methodologic problem that resulted in a misidentification of a pseudogene as a novel mutation.” The publisher regrets the error.

CORRECTION

Normal and mutant HTT interact to affect clinical severity and progression in Huntington disease

In the article “Normal and mutant HTT interact to affect clinical severity and progression in Huntington disease” by N.A. Aziz et al. (*Neurology*[®] 2009;73:1280–1285), a collaborator's name was misspelled in the online data supplement “E-registry” (Contributors to the European Huntington's Disease Network Registry study). The correct spelling should be A. Ciarmiello. The authors regret the error.

CORRECTION

The Causative Classification of Stroke system: An international reliability and optimization study

In the article “The Causative Classification of Stroke system: An international reliability and optimization study” by E.M. Arsava et al. (*Neurology*[®] 2010;75:1277–1284), an author affiliation was incorrect. The affiliation for V. Thijs should read as follows: Department of Neurology, UZ Leuven and Vesalius Research Center, VIB, Leuven, Belgium. The authors regret the error.

Neurology[®]

Normal and mutant HTT interact to affect clinical severity and progression in Huntington disease

Neurology 2011;76;202

DOI 10.1212/WNL.0b013e318203958c

This information is current as of January 10, 2011

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